

EOCT Review Topics

Unit 1: Relationships Between Quantities

- Converting between units
 - 5280 feet/mile

Example 1: Convert 5 miles to feet

Example 2: A rectangle has a length of 2 meters and a width of 40 centimeters. What is the perimeter of the rectangle?

Example 3: Convert 60 miles per hour to feet per minute

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- Appropriate units of measure

Example 4: $d = m/v$

If mass is measure in kilograms and volume is measured in cubic meters. what is the unit rate for density?

Example 5: The number of calories a person burns doing an activity can be approximated using the formula $C = kmt$, where m is the person's weight in pounds and t is the duration of the activity in minutes. Find the units for the coefficient k .

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- Quantities can be counts or measures. These can be exact or approximate.
 - Term, Coefficient, Constant, Factors

Example 6: $4x^2 + 7xy - 3$

Example 7: $4x(x + 2)(5x - 8)$

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- Interpreting formulas

Example 8: To interpret a formula, it is important to know what each variable represents and to understand the relationships between the variables. For example, look at the compound interest formula $A = P(1 + r)^t$

Example 9: The number of calories burned during exercise depends on the activity. The formulas for two activities are given. $C1 = 0.012mt$ and $C2 = 0.032mt$

- Writing and Solving Equations
 - Inequalities – look for words such as at least, greater/less than, no more than, etc.

Example 10: The Jones family has twice as many tomato plants as pepper plants. If there are 21 plants in their garden how many plants are pepper plants?

Example 11: Find two consecutive integers whose sum is 225.

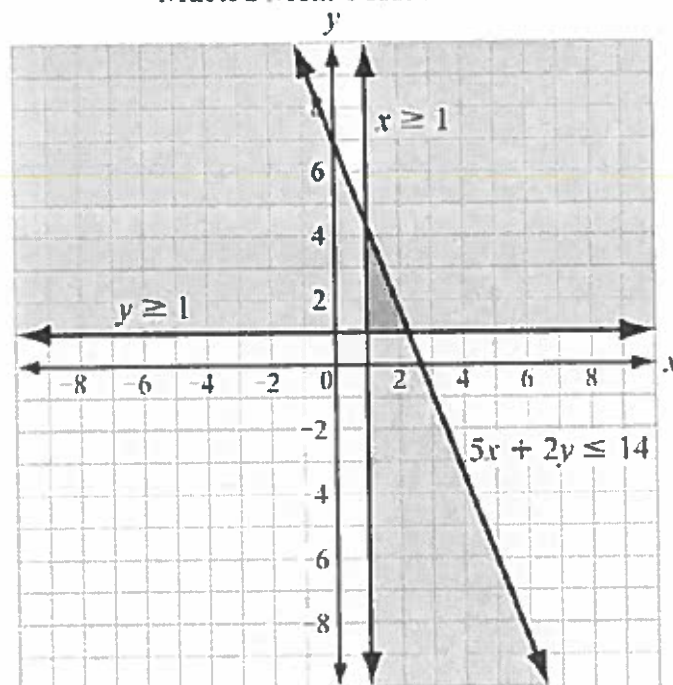
Example 12: A rectangle is 7 cm longer than it is wide. Its perimeter is at least 58 cm. What are the smallest possible dimensions for the rectangle?

Example 13: The city of Arachna has a spider population that has been doubling every year. If there are about 100,000 spiders this year, how many will there be 4 years from now?

Example 14: Constraints

Mark has \$14 to buy lunch for himself and his sister. He wants to buy at least one sandwich and one drink. If sandwiches cost \$5 and drinks cost \$2, what combinations of numbers of sandwiches and drinks could Mark buy?

Mark's Meal Possibilities



Unit 2: Reasoning with Equations and Inequalities

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- Properties – be able to justify the steps of solving an equation using the properties
 - Substitution
 - Addition Property of Equality
 - Subtraction Property of Equality
 - Multiplication Property of Equality
 - Division Property of Equality
 - Reflexive Property
 - Transitive Property
 - Symmetric Property
 - Distributive Property

Example 1: Solve and justify each step $16 = 3(x + 8)$

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- Solving Equations and Inequalities
 - What are equivalent expressions?

Example 2: Is the expression $\frac{6x+8}{2}$ equivalent to $3x + 4$?

- Tip: Eliminate denominators in fractions

Example 3: $\frac{m}{4} + \frac{m}{6} = 1$

- Tip: Remember special rule when multiplying or dividing with negative numbers in inequalities

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- Writing Equations from Word Problems

Example 4: A ferry boat carries passengers back and forth between two communities on the Peachville River.

- It takes 30 minutes longer for the ferry to make the trip upstream than downstream.
- The ferry's average speed in still water is 15 miles per hour.
- The river's current is usually 5 miles per hour.

This equation can be used to determine how many miles apart the two communities are.

$$\frac{m}{15-5} = \frac{m}{15+5} + 0.5$$

What is m , the distance between the two communities?

Example 5: Joachim wants to know if he can afford to add texting to his cell phone plan. He currently spends \$21.49 per month for his cell phone plan, and the most he can spend for his cell phone is \$30 per month. He could get unlimited texts added to his plan for an additional \$10 each month. Or, he could get a "pay-as-you-go" plan that charges a flat rate of \$0.15 per text message. He assumes that he will send an average of 5 text messages per day. Can Joachim afford to add a text message plan to his cell phone?

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- Solving for Variables

Example 6: Solve for x

$$14 = ax + 6$$

Example 7: Solve for y

$$6a - 2y > 4$$

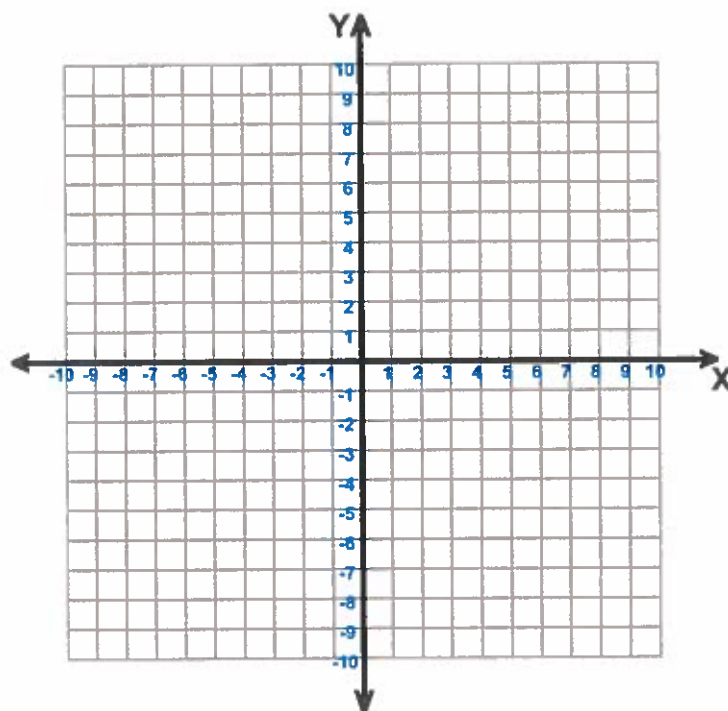
- Solving Systems of Equations
 - Solutions to systems are ordered pairs
 - Systems can have 0, 1 or infinite solutions
 - Three Methods for Solving: Substitution, Elimination, Graphing
 - Tip: Use calculators to create tables?

Example 8: Solve $\begin{cases} y = 2x - 4 \\ x = y + 1 \end{cases}$

Example 9: Solve $\begin{cases} 2x - y = 1 \\ 5 - 3x = 2y \end{cases}$

Example 10: Solve $\begin{cases} x - 3y = 6 \\ -x + 3y = -6 \end{cases}$

Example 11: Solve $\begin{cases} -3x - y = 10 \\ 3x + y = -8 \end{cases}$



Example 12: Is $(3, -1)$ a solution to this system? $\begin{cases} y = 2 - x \\ 3 - 2y = 2x \end{cases}$

Example 13: Rebecca has five coins worth 65 cents in her pocket. If she only has quarters and nickels, how many quarters does she have? Use a system of equations to arrive at your answer and show all steps.

Example 14: Peg and Larry purchased "no contract" cell phones. Peg's phone cost \$25 plus \$0.25 per minute. Larry's phone cost \$35 plus \$0.20 per minute. After how many minutes of use will Peg's phone cost more than Larry's phone?

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- Graphing Equations and Inequalities
 - When do you use a number line?

Example 15: $3x + 8 < 14$

- When do you use a coordinate plane?

Example 16: $3x + y > -1$

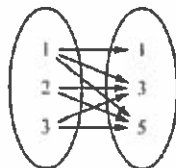
- Remember the differences in graphing: $<, >, \leq, \geq$

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- Graphing Systems of Inequalities

Unit 3: Linear and Exponential Functions

- Linear Equations $y = mx + b$
- Exponential Equations $y = a(b)^x$ or $y = a(1 \pm \%)^x$

- Functions and function notation $f(x)$



x	y
1	1
1	2
1	3
1	4
2	1
2	4
3	1

- Domain and Range

$\{(1, 1), (2, 3), (3, 5)\}$

Example 1: Given $f(x) = 2x - 1$, find $f(7)$.

The equation describes the function rule.
 f is the function. x is the input. $f(x)$ is the output.

- Restrictions on domain and range?

Example 2: A manufacturer keeps track of her monthly costs by using a "cost function" that assigns a total cost for a given number of manufactured items, x . The function is $C(x) = 5,000 + 1.3x$.

- What is the domain of the function?
- What is the cost of 2,000 items?
- If costs must be kept below \$10,000 this month, what is the greatest number of items she can manufacture?

- Sequence Vocabulary: Sequence, Term, Finite, Infinite, Explicit (closed) form, Recursive form
- Arithmetic Sequences (linear)
 - Recursive form: $a_n = a_{n-1} + d$ $a_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 - Explicit form: $a_n = dn + d_0$

Example 3: Consider the sequence: 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, ...

- Geometric Sequences (exponential)
 - Recursive form: $a_n = r \cdot a_{n-1}$ $a_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 - Explicit form: $a_n = a_1(r)^{n-1}$

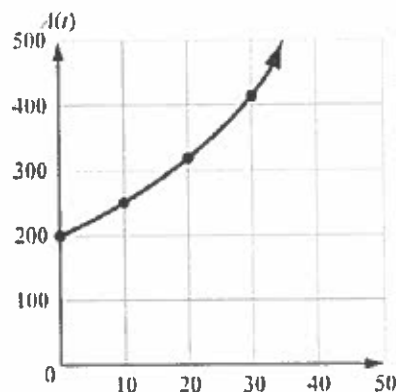
Example 4: Consider the sequence: 16, 8, 4, 2, 1, $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}$

- Properties of functions – from graphs and tables

- Domain
- Range
- Intercepts
- Increasing/decreasing
- Positive/negative
- Maximum/minimum
- Rate of change
- Even or odd

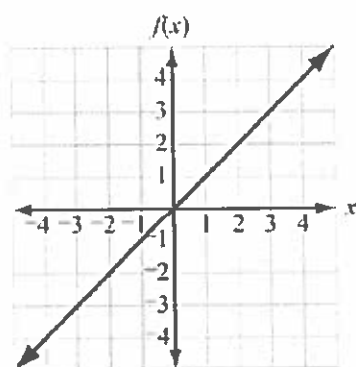
Example 6:

The amount accumulated in a bank account over a time period t and based on an initial deposit of \$200 is found using the formula $A(t) = 200(1.025)^t$, $t \geq 0$. Time, t , is represented on the horizontal axis. The accumulated amount, $A(t)$, is represented on the vertical axis.



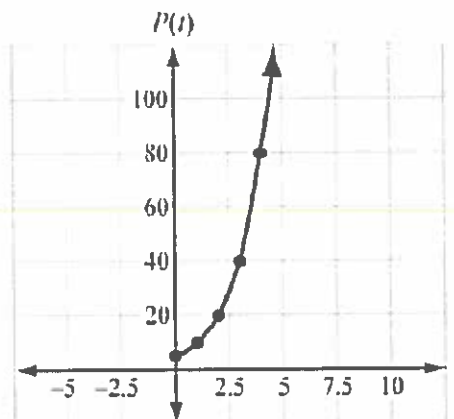
Example 5:

Linear Function
 $f(x) = x$



- What are the intercepts of the function?
- What is the domain of the function?
- Why are all the t values non-negative?
- What is the range of the function?
- Does the function have a maximum or minimum value?

Example 7: A population of squirrels doubles every year. Initially there were 5 squirrels. A biologist studying the squirrels created a function to model their population growth, $P(t) = 5(2^t)$ where t is time. The graph of the function is shown. What is the range of the function?



- Translations of linear and exponential functions (Parent functions: $y = x$ and $y = 2^x$)

- Horizontal shift

Linear $y = x + 2$
 $y = x - 2$

$y = 2^x + 3$
 $y = 2^x - 3$

- Reflection

Linear $y = -x$

$y = -2^x$

- Stretch (steeper) or shrink (less steep)

Linear $y = 2x$
 $y = \frac{1}{2}x$

$y = 2(2)^x$
 $y = \frac{1}{2}(2)^x$

- Parameters – slope (the coefficient) and y-intercept (the constant)

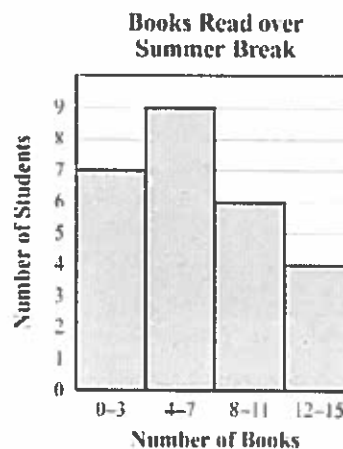
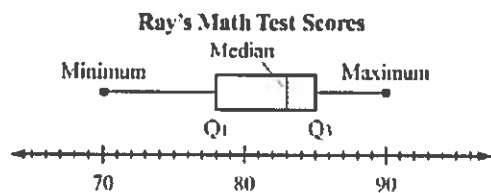
- $y = mx + b$
- Affect the shape and position of the function

Unit 4: Describing Data

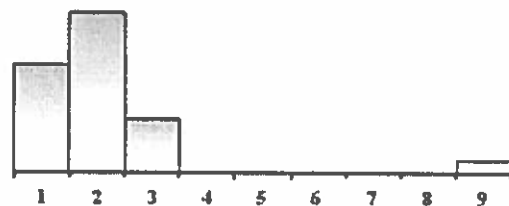
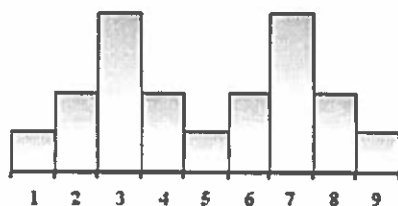
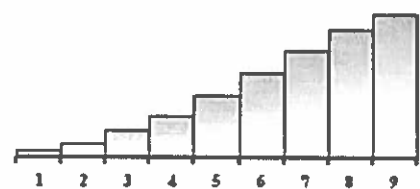
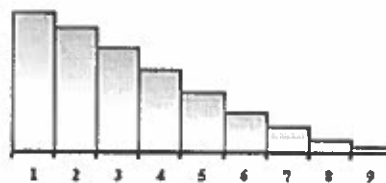
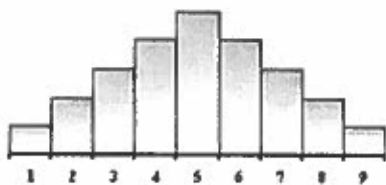
Summarize, Represent, and Interpret Data - Single Variable/Count

- Measures of central tendency
 - Mean
 - Median
- Measures of spread
 - Interquartile range
 - Mean absolute deviation (MAD)
- Quartiles
 - First quartile/lower quartile/ Q_1
 - Third quartile/upper quartile/ Q_3
 - (BTW: the median is the Q_2)
- Representing Data
 - Histogram
 - Box plot
 - Dot plots

PRACTICE: 70, 78, 82, 83, 84, 85, 90



- Frequency distribution
- Normal distribution vs. Skewness
- Bimodal and Multimodal



- Outliers

Student P: {8, 9, 9, 9, 10}

Student Q: {3, 9, 9, 9, 10}

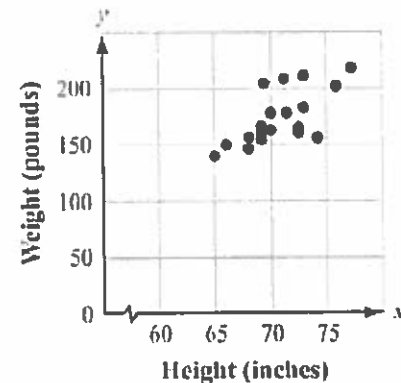
Summarize, Represent, and Interpret Data - Two Variable/Category

- Two main types of data – categorical and quantitative
- Bivariate data
 - Can be represented as an ordered pair
 - Scatter plots
- Two-way frequency chart (Categorical Data)
 - Joint frequency
 - Marginal frequency
 - Conditional frequency

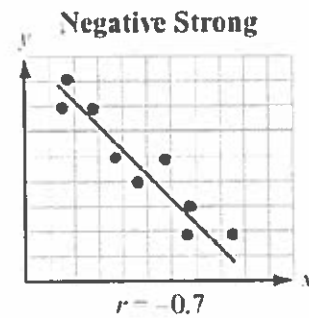
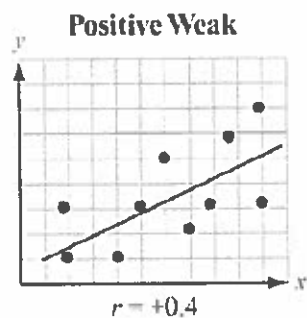
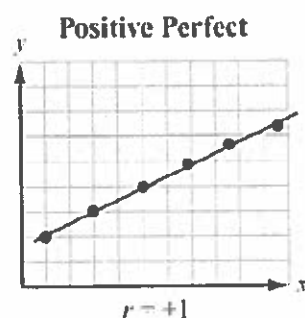
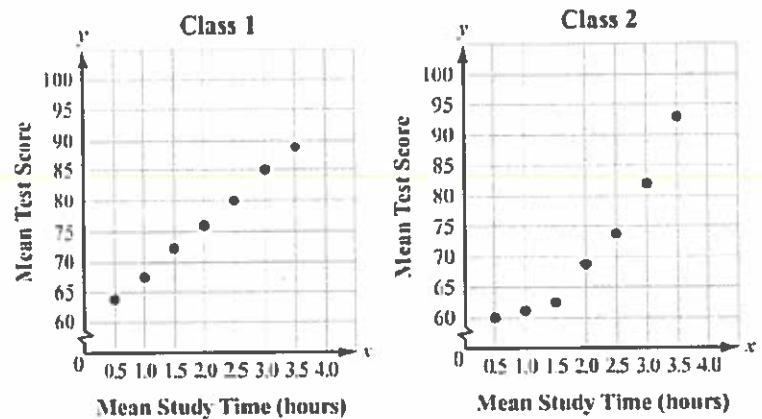
Participation in School Activities			
School Club	Gender		Totals
	Male	Female	
Band	12	21	33
Chorus	15	17	32
Chess	16	3	19
Latin	7	9	16
Yearbook	28	7	35
Totals	78	57	135

- Scatter plot (Quantitative Data)
 - Line of best fit
 - Regression
 - Residuals
 - Correlation coefficient

Football Players
Heights and Weights



Class 1 Test Score Analysis	
Mean Study Time (hours)	Mean Test Score
0.5	63
1	67
1.5	72
2	76
2.5	80
3	85
3.5	89



Name: _____

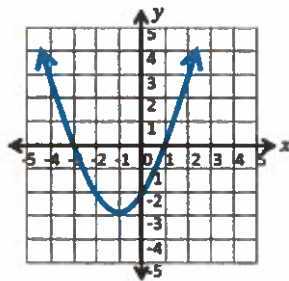
Review for Test 9: Quadratic Functions

1. Which of the following statements about quadratic functions are true?

- I. The graph can have one solution
- II. The graph can have two solutions
- III. The graph can have three solutions
- IV. The graph will always cross the x-axis

- A. I, II and III B. I, II, III and IV
C. I, II and IV D. I and II

Use the graph below to answer questions #2-7



2. What is the axis of symmetry for the graph?

- A. $y = -3$ B. $y = -1$
C. $x = -3$ D. $x = -1$

3. What is the vertex?

- A. $(-1, -3)$ B. $(1, 0)$
C. $(-3, 0)$ D. $(-3, 1)$

4. What is the domain for the graph?

- A. $y \geq -3$ B. $-3 \leq x \leq 1$
C. $-\infty < x < \infty$ D. $\{-3, 1\}$

5. What is the range of the function?

- A. $y \geq -3$ B. $-3 \leq y \leq 1$
C. $-\infty < y < \infty$ D. $y = -3$

6. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. minimum at $x = -3$ B. minimum at $y = -3$
C. maximum at $y = 4$ D. maximum at $y = -3$

7. What is y-intercept?

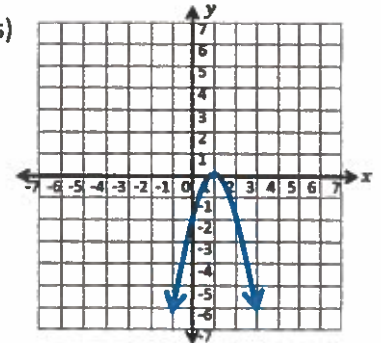
- A. $(-3, 0)$ B. $(1, 0)$
C. $(-2, 0)$ D. $(0, -2)$

8. What is the parent function for the following equation:

$$f(x) = (x - 2)(x + 1)$$

- A. $y = x$ B. $y = x^2$
C. $y = \sqrt{x}$ D. $y = |x|$

9. What is/are the solution(s) to the quadratic function:



- A. $(1, 0)$
B. $(1, 0)$ and $(0, -2)$
C. $(-2, 0)$
D. None

10. What is the solution set for the quadratic function: $x^2 + 8x + 12 = 0$

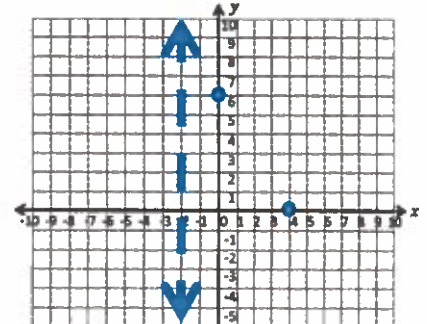
- A. $\{12\}$ B. *None*
C. $\{-6, -2\}$ D. $\{2, 6\}$

11. What are the roots for the quadratic function given in the table to the right?

x	$f(x)$
-6	0
-5	-18
-4	-30
-3	-36
-2	-36
-1	-30
0	-18
1	0
2	24

- A. -3 and -2
B. -6 and 1
C. -18
D. None

12. The quadratic function g has an x-intercept at $(4, 0)$, a y-intercept at $(0, 6)$, and an axis of symmetry at $x = -2$. What are the solutions of function g ?



- A. $(4, 0)$ and $(0, 6)$
B. $(0, 6)$
C. $(-8, 0)$, $(4, 0)$, $(0, 6)$
D. $(-8, 0)$ and $(4, 0)$

13. What is the vertex of the quadratic function:

$$f(x) = x^2 + 4x - 8$$

- A. $(0, -8)$ B. $(-2, -12)$
C. $(-1, -11)$ D. $(-4, -8)$

14. What are the zeros of the quadratic function:

$$y = 2x^2 - 6x + 9$$

- A. 9
C. None
B. 1 and 2
D. 5

15. Given a quadratic function has solutions at (4, 0) and (6, 0) which of the following is one of the linear factors of the function?

- A. $(x + 4)$
C. $(x - 2)$
B. $(x - 6)$
D. $(x + 6)$

16. Which of the following represents the range of the quadratic function $f(x) = x^2 + 10x + 24$?

- A. $\{y \mid y \geq -5\}$
C. $\{y \mid y \geq -1\}$
B. $\{y \mid y \geq -4\}$
D. $\{y \mid -\infty < y < \infty\}$

17. What are the solutions to the quadratic equation $2x^2 + 10x = 12$?

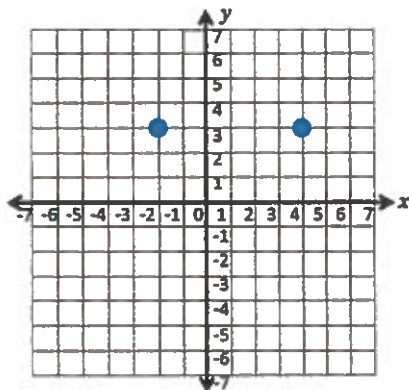
- A. $x = -6$ and $x = 1$
C. $x = -1$ and $x = 6$
B. $x = -6$ and $x = 12$
D. $x = -3$ and $x = -2$

18. What is the solution set to the quadratic equation $(x - 2)(x + 3) = 0$?

- A. $\{-2, 3\}$
C. $\{-2, -3\}$
B. $\{2, -3\}$
D. $\{2, 3\}$

19. What is the equation for the axis of symmetry of the parabola in the function below?

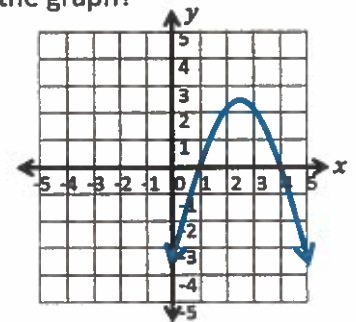
- A. $y = 1$
B. $x = 3$
C. $y = 3$
D. $x = 1$



20. Which of the following has the correct factored form **AND** the correct solutions for the quadratic equation $x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$?

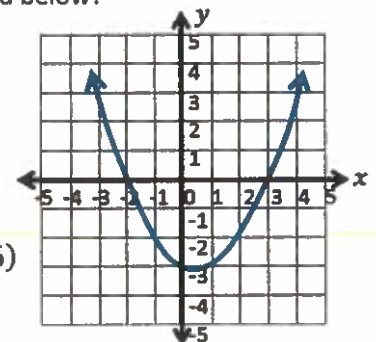
- A. $(x - 1)(x + 3) = 0$ AND $x = -1$ and $x = 3$
B. $(x - 1)(x + 3) = 0$ AND $x = 1$ and $x = -3$
C. $(x + 1)(x - 3) = 0$ AND $x = -1$ and $x = 3$
D. $(x + 1)(x - 3) = 0$ AND $x = 1$ and $x = -3$

21. Which of the following quadratic functions would have the same solutions as the graph?



- A. $(x - 1)(x + 4) = 0$
B. $(x - 1)(x - 4) = 0$
C. $(x + 1)(x + 4) = 0$
D. $(x + 1)(x - 4) = 0$

22. Which of the following correctly matches the quadratic function graphed below?



- A. $f(x) = x^2 + 5x + 6$
B. $f(x) = -x^2 + x + 6$
C. $f(x) = x^2 + x - 6$
D. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - x - 6)$

23. Given that the solutions to a quadratic equation are -7 and 8 , which of the following could represent the quadratic function?

- A. $x^2 + x - 56$
B. $x^2 - x - 56$
C. $x^2 + 15x + 56$
D. $x^2 - 15x - 56$